

- Acknowledges the socio-cultural and political characteristics of the community
- Adopts a holistic, social view of health
- Provides universal health care and equity in health care access and outcomes
- Ensures a continuum of care including treatment, rehabilitation, prevention, and health promotion
- Uses multi-disciplinary teams
- Recognises and supports community participation in decision making and empowers individuals and communities

be informed by the experiences of **community health and Aboriginal community controlled sectors**.

4. **The needs of groups who find PHC hard to access** including people in low socio-economic circumstances, refugees and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples should be the focus of planning and service provision. Strategies to improve cultural safety and accessibility of 'mainstream' PHC services for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander service users and members of culturally and linguistically diverse communities should be strengthened in partnership with Aboriginal community controlled h

4.

