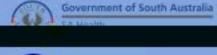
## SUSTAINED REPORTER AIRWAY GENE EXPRESSION WITH A LENTIVIRAL VECTOR IN CYSTIC FIBROSIS MICE

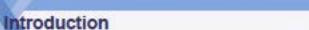


lealth Research Institute Inc.



- Respiratory and Sleep (3)
  Gene Technology Unit, SA Pathology
- 3. Department of Paediatrics, University of Adelaide, SA
- 4. Centre for Stem Cell Research, University of Adelaide, SA
- Women's and Children's Health Research Institute, SA





Non-invasive bioluminescence imaging has allowed for rapid in-vivo quantification of longlasting gette transfer in experimental animals. We studied the sustainability of lentiviral (LV) reporter gene transfer over the lifetimes of cystic fibrosis (CF) mice.

# Methous

CF<sup>tm/unc</sup> mice received a nasal bolus of lysophosphatidylcholine (LPC) o control (PBS) pre-treatment one hour prior to delivery of a LV vector containing the reporter gene luciferase (LV-Luc). Another control group received LPC one hour prior to an empty vector (LV-MT). Bioluminescence was measured at 1 wk & 1, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15. Cincipana jandisales to benducus

#### Results

Nasal bioluminescence was significantly increased with LPC/LV-Luc compared to controls for 12 months (Fig. 1a, p<0.05, ANOVA). There was no difference in lung luminescence between the LPC and PBS are-treated mice that received LV-Luc (Fig. 1b). No bioluminescence was detected in the airways of mice treated with LPC/LV-MT (Fig. 2). At later time points, the low o animal attrition influenced mean expression levels. There was a significant increase in the presen circulating antibodies to the Luc transgene in those mice that received LPC prior to LV-Luc compared to both conti- 😿

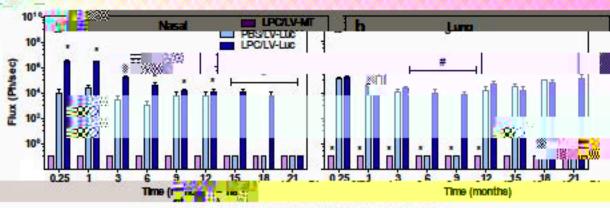


Fig. 1. a) Nasal and b) Lung LV-luciferase luminescence. Mean +/- SEM, p<0.05, RM ANOVA, n=3-12, # n too ::

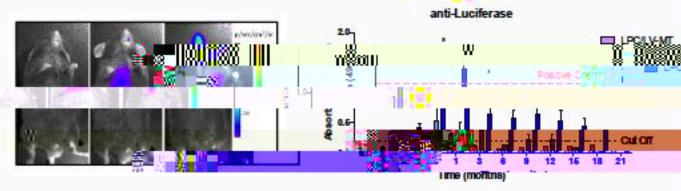


Fig. 2, LV-luciferase luminescence LV-MT (left), PBS (middle) vs LPC (right)

Fig. 3. Circulating antibodies to the transgene Luciferase. Mean +/- SEM, "p<0.05, RM ANOVA, n=3-12.

#### Conclusions

### Acknowledgements

Lentiviral luciferase gene expression was significantly improved in mouse nasal airways go LPC pre-treatment. However, pre-treatment made no difference to luciferase expression lungs of CF mice. The presence of circulating antibodies to luciferase for longer than 18 months suggests an immune response to a sustained long term trackgene expression.

